



# Syllabus Semester 3 University of Szeged

## ERASMUS MUNDUS JOINT MASTER DEGREE LASCALA

### CONTENT

#### Year 2 – Semester 3 University of Szeged, Hungary



Course Title: Weekly practice work at the ELI facility Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 10

Aims: To provide hands-on experience for students at the ELI ALPS large scale facility

Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.):

- <u>ELI Summer School (Balázs Major)</u> The students will attend online the ELI Summer School providing an overview of the scientific topics pursued and technologies involved at Extreme Light Infrastructure (ELI) facilities including ELI Attosecond Light Pulse Source (ELI ALPS).
- Optical coating technologies (Veronika Hanyecz):

The students briefly study different coating technologies (thermal evaporation, electron-beam evaporation, sputtering) and become familiar with different thin film and substrate characterization methods. They perform ellipsometric, photometric and profilometric measurements on one-layer thin film samples in order to determine the layer thickness.

- <u>Vacuum technologies</u> (Árpád Mohácsi): The goal of this practice is to get the students acquainted with the basics of the "clean" vacuum technologies. The laboratory practice will involve practical experience with handling and assembling of clean vacuum systems.
- <u>Nanofabriaction tools</u> (Judit Budai):

The major objective of the "Nanofabrication tools" laboratory exercise is to introduce the students to scanning electron microscopy (SEM), electron beam lithography (EBL) and focused ion beam (FIB) milling. The students will participate in the recording of several SEM micrographs to demonstrate the factors influencing the image quality via the comparison of micrographs recorded with different detectors at different conditions (accelerating voltage, working distance, etc.) on different samples. They will analyse Energy Dispersive X-Ray Spectra of different samples. FIB milling technique will be demonstrated to them via analysing cross sections of thin and thick gold layers, and by milling contours of nanostructured objects. Finally, the main steps of EBL will be test nano/microstructures in shown by preparing polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA).

• <u>Command control schemes for large scale facilities</u> (Lajos Schrettner):

The purpose of the exercise is to introduce the students to control system related concepts and technologies. We give an overview of the history of control systems for large scale facilities and summarize recent trends in the area. We enumerate core control system functionalities and related software tools and software engineering practices employed. A few hands-on programming exercises will be provided to implement and/or extend existing simple control system components, such as monitoring a temperature sensor, controlling a motor, automating a scan process, creating a graphical user interface for a device, and acquiring and saving data from a diagnostic equipment or measurement. (Familiarity with the Python programming language is assumed.)

• <u>Radiation safety protocols at a high intensity laser institute</u> (Tamara Kecskés):

The purpose of the course is providing the students with a detailed picture on the relations of an extremely high intensity laser source with operational radiation protection for protecting operators and other personnel of the facility against consequences of ionizing radiations generated in various processes of this laser facility. Methods of radiation protection (RP) planning on the basis of modelling calculation and measurements will be presented. The objects of the course involve: Introduction of radiation protection protocols applied in the operation and maintenance of a high intensity laser facility. Various measurement techniques for determining the dose, dose rate, energy spectrum, and potential activation effects of ionizing radiations generated during the application of the primary laser beamlines will be presented and practiced. Calibration and utilization of measuring devices involved in different procedures of personal and area monitoring will be explained as a relevant part of the compound personal safety system (PSS) of the ELI ALPS laser facility.

• Radiobiological studies (Emília Rita Szabó):

The main goal of the practice is to provide introduction to radiation biology, the significance of radiobiology and radiotherapy for cancer treatment, and the experimental and theoretical studies in radiation biology which contribute to the development of radiotherapy. The laboratory practice includes: 1. Dosimetry principles (ionization chamber, film and FBX dosimetry), dose measurements (Monte Carlo calculation) and radiation protection. 2. Irradiation-induced damage and the DNA damage response in different type of cell lines. Cell death after irradiation with different doses, colony formation and MTT assays. How, when and why cells die? (Quantitative detection of radiation caused DNA double-strand breaks (DSB) by immunostained  $\gamma$ -H2AX foci on irradiated and photographed cells.) 3. Zebrafish as an in vivo novel vertebrate system for studying the radiation caused organ deteriorations on macro- and microscopic level. (Evaluation of survival and morphological abnormalities after irradiation with ionizing radiation.)

• Experiments with a high average power laser (Abdollah Malakzadeh):

The aim of the laser laboratory practice is to gain hands-on experience with femtosecond laser systems. After a mandatory laser safety training, the students will study the structure of modern chirped pulse amplification architectures, including oscillators, pulse stretchers and different high power solid state amplifiers based on ytterbium (Yb) and titanium-sapphire (Ti:S) crystals and compressors. Ultrashort pulse metrology including average power, pulse energy, spectrum, pulse duration, contrast ratio, beam profile and repetition rate will be performed. The measured data will be analyzed.

- <u>Applications of attosecond pulses</u> (Balázs Major):
  - The goal of the practice is to give an overview on the basic technologies involved in generation and applications of attosecond pulses. The students will get knowledge and practical training on research equipment that are used to characterize spectral, temporal and spatial properties of extreme-ultraviolet (XUV) radiation that is produced using high harmonic generation (HHG) in gases. The students will learn and implement themselves basic evaluation methods of raw data obtained with the above equipment.
- <u>THz spectroscopy</u> (József Fülöp):

This practice includes a preparation on the theory of time-domain THz spectroscopy and generation of intense THz pulses based on material provided to the students before the lab practice. The measurements to be carried out during the laboratory work: characterization of THz pulses, reference measurements without sample, measurement of absorption and refractive index of samples at different THz intensities. The goal and last task of the practice is the calculation of the frequency dependent absorption and refractive index of samples of samples based on the measurement data.

• <u>Condensed matter physics experiment</u> (László Óvári):

The exercise will provide a direct insight into various electron based surface sensitive characterization methods and related in-situ sample preparation tools. In order to obtain atomically clean solid surfaces, an ultra-high vacuum (UHV) environment is required. After appropriate cleaning treatments, the surface structure will be characterized by low energy electron diffraction (LEED). The chemical composition will be determined by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). The nanoscale morphology of the sample will be revealed by the NanoESCA, applying its energy resolved photoemission electron microscopy (PEEM) mode. An in-depth analysis of the electronic structure will be performed with the help of the momentum microscopy mode of NanoESCA. The exercise will be completed by the evaluation of obtained data.

Prerequisites: Will be given in each laboratory practice Syllabus

Recommended Books: Will be given in each laboratory practice Syllabus

Teaching Staff: Balázs Major, Veronika Hanyecz, Árpád Mohácsi, Judit Budai, Lajos Schrettner, Tamara Kecskés, Emília Rita Szabó, Abdollah Malakzadeh, József Fülöp, László Óvári

Course responsible: Balázs Major

Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 100% lab training

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) Summer School + 10 laboratory practice (4-8 hours each) with homework

Course Title: Selected topics in femto- and attosecond pulse phenomena Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 4

Aims: To deepen the understanding of the students via advanced numerical modelling in the field of ultrashort light pulses

Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.):

- Introduction to short light pulses. Spectral and temporal description. Chirp and GDD of ultrashort pulses.
- Gaussian beam propagation (monochromatic beams, ultrashort pulses); truncated Gaussian beams.
- Modelling the high-order harmonic generation process: a) classical model, b) Lewenstein model, c) saddlepoint approximation
- Harmonic- and attochirp in HHG.
- A short introduction to nonlinear optics. Phasematching in 2nd harmonic generation.
- Macroscopic aspects of HHG (phasematching, absorption).
- Compression of ultrashort pulses
- Non-perturbative methods for time-dependent quantum systems
- Theory and numerical modelling of strong-field ionization
- High-harmonic generation in solids
- Basics and principles of Density-functional theory (DFT) and Timedependent density-functional theory (TDDFT) with applications in attophysics

#### Prerequisites: -

#### Recommended Books:

Diels-Rudolph: Ultrashort laser pulse phenomena Chang: Fundamentals of attosecond optics

Teaching Staff: Katalin Varjú, Balázs Major, Attila Czirják, Péter Földi Course responsible: Péter Földi Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 100 % advanced homework

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) 2 hr/week lectures

Course Title: Femtosecond optics with Python Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 3

#### Aims:

To provide students with an understanding how the Python programming language with its modules can be used for modelling

- temporal distortions of ultrashort laser pulses caused by propagation through dispersive optical elements,
- temporal pulse stretching and compression.

Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.):

Fundamentals of Python programming, Scientific computing with NumPy and SciPy, Plotting with Matplotlib, Temporal shape of transform limited laser pulses, Effects of the phase derivatives on the temporal shape of the pulses, Propagation of ultrashort laser pulses through dispersive optical elements, Simulation of pulse stretching and compression.

Prerequisites:

----

Recommended Books:

[1] P. Wentworth, J. Elkner, A. B. Downey and Ch. Meyers: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist, Learning with Python 3 (2012) http://openbookproject.net/thinkcs/python/english3e/

[2] H. Fangohr: Introduction to Python for Computational Science and Engineering (University of Southampton, 2016) https://fangohr.github.io/teaching/python/book.html

[3] J-C. Diels, W. Rudolph: Ultrashort Laser Pulse Phenomena (Academic Press, 2006)

Teaching Staff: Attila P. Kovács

Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 60 % homework, 20% mid-term exam, 20% final exam

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) 1 hr/week lecture, 1 hr/week practical Course Title: Fundamentals of femtosecond and nonlinear optics Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 3

#### Aims:

This module will provide a general overview about how the temporal-spatial shape, intensity and spectrum of ultrashort laser pulses change when they go through linear and nonlinear media.

#### Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.):

Propagation of ultrashort laser pulses in dispersive media, Dispersion properties of optical elements, Amplification of ultrashort laser pulses, Focusing of ultrashort laser pulses, Basics of nonlinear optics, Frequency conversion of laser pulses, Material and angular dispersion measurements of optical elements, Amplitude and phase reconstruction of ultrashort laser pulses

Prerequisites:

-----

#### Recommended Books:

[1] J-C. Diels, W. Rudolph: Ultrashort Laser Pulse Phenomena (Academic Press, 2006)

Teaching Staff: Attila P. Kovács, Károly Osvay, Roland S. Nagymihály

Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 50% mid-term exam, 50% final exam

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) 2 hr/week lecture Course Title: Theory and detection of gravitational waves by laser interferometric instruments Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 5

#### Aims:

This module will provide a general overview about the formation of gravitational waves and their detection.

#### Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.):

Gravitational waves on flat background. Helicity and polarisations. Electromagnetic analogy. Gravitational waves in strong gravity regimes: the geometrical optics approximation. Sources of gravitational waves. Spinning compact binary dynamics. Indirect detection by Hulse-Taylor pulsar. Earthbased laser-interferometric gravitational wave detectors: LIGO, Virgo, Kagra. Space-born instruments: LISA Pathfinder, LISA. Prospective detection from pulsar timing and from B-mode polarisation of the Cosmic Microwave Background.

#### Prerequisites:

#### Recommended Books:

[1] M. Maggiore, Gravitational Waves: Volume 1: Theory and Experiments, Oxford University Press, 2007

[2] H. Grote, Gravitational Waves, A History of Discovery, Taylor & Francis, 2019

[3] C. M. Will, N. Yunes, Is Einstein still right?, Oxford University Press, 2020

Teaching Staff: L. Á. Gergely

Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 25% homework, 25% presentation, 50% final exam

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) 2 hr/week lecture Course Title: Scalar diffraction theory and its applications Course Semester: 3rd Country: Hungary Number of ECTS: 5

#### Aims:

This module will provide a general overview about the foundation of scalar diffraction theory and some important applications.

Content (including lab trainings, projects, industry visits, etc.): Review of Lebesgue integral, complex analysis and vector calculus. Fourier transform, Laplace transform. The Huygens-Fresnel principle, Scalar diffraction integrals, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction. Example of Fraunhofer diffraction patterns, Examples of Fresnel diffraction, Fresnel diffraction at a circular aperture. Evaluation of the integrals with the Lommel functions, Fresnel diffraction at a circular aperture, structure of the diffraction patterns. Imaging properties of thin lenses, Fourier transform properties of thin lenses. Focusing of femtosecond pulses.

#### Prerequisites:

Electrodynamics, Linear algebra, Mathematical analysis

#### Recommended Books:

[1] M. Born and E. Wolf, Principles of Optics, Pergamon Press, 1989

[2] M. V. Klein and T. E. Furtak, Optics, John Wiley & Sons, 1986

[3] E. Hecht, Optics, Addison Wesley Publishing Company, 1997

[4] J. W. Goodman, Introduction to Fourier Optics, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1968

[5] W. Rudin, Real and Complex Analysis, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., 1986

[6] D. W. Kammler, A First Course in Fourier Analysis, Cambridge University Press, 2008

Teaching Staff: Balázs Major, Péter Földi, Attila Czirják

Course responsible: Balázs Major

Grading System in % (homework, oral presentation, lab training, mid-term exam, final exam, etc.) 100% final exam

Hours: (Lecture / Tutorial / Practical courses) 2 hr/week lecture



Head Office Master.lascala@universite-paris-saclay.fr

#### French coordinator

Prof. Sophie KAZAMIAS sophie.kazamias@universite-paris-saclay.fr

**Italian coordinator** Prof. Gianluca CAVOTO Email: <u>gianluca.cavoto@uniroma1.it</u>

Hungarian coordinator Prof. László GERGELY Email: <u>laszlo.a.gergely@gmail.com</u>

Swedish coordinator Prof. Cord ARNOLD Email: <u>cord.arnold@fysik.lth.se</u>









